

## **New energy package does not include solar and wind energy**

Will the national policy statements for energy be updated in 2023?

In December 2020, the Government confirmed that the National Policy Statements for Energy, which were published in 2011, would need to be updated to reflect our transition away from fossil fuels and towards cleaner, greener sources of energy. We are disappointed that now, in 2023, the Government has not yet finalised these statements.

What does the new energy plan mean for the energy sector?

The new plan will "help remove unviable projects, re-order the queue, and accelerate connection timescales for the projects needed most". o Prioritising 2030 projects in the planning system via a Planning and Infrastructure Bill with clarity on what the energy mix will look like for 2030 on a national and regional level.

How will a new energy policy affect the future?

National Policy Statements for energy that guide planners will be revised to give "clear direction on the importance of delivering the right amounts of clean power and energy infrastructure for 2030". The government will "ensure communities directly benefit from hosting clean energy infrastructure".

What is the National Energy Plan (NPS)?

They set out the national need for infrastructure and give guidance on planning considerations for individual projects. Alongside this plan, the government is publishing 5 revised energy NPSs covering Renewables, Oil and Gas Pipelines, Electricity Networks, Gas Generation, and an overarching Energy Statement for consultation.

Should wind power be phasing out fossil fuels?

However, as wind power can be intermittent, a reliable strategy for phasing out fossil fuels requires a number of different clean energy sources, as well as ways to share and store this energy to ensure there's always power available when and where it's needed.

How will a solar project progress?

Meanwhile, medium-sized solar power and onshore wind projects may progress at increased speed through the planning system under the local rather than centralised system, no doubt with more regard to the Government's priority for solar energy.

The new EEG plans increasing solar PV capacity to 100 GW (~52 GW today), onshore wind to 71 GW (55 GW today), biomass to 8.4 GW, and offshore wind to 20 GW by 2030 - targets that slightly exceed those from the Climate Action ...

Under state law, 60% of California electricity must be generated by clean energy sources by 2030 and 100%

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by 2045 -- a mandate critical to the state's efforts to combat climate change. One measure in the renewable ...

A new energy economy is coming into view, ushered forward by policy action, technology innovation and the increasing urgency of the need to tackle climate change. There is no guarantee that ...

**Introduction and Purpose.** Wind energy development can provide a variety of benefits to the communities where energy projects are located and beyond, with benefits coming in many forms-- such as tax revenues, supply chain and manufacturing activities, and job creation. This guide focuses on community benefit agreements (CBAs) and related funds and investments ...

Michigan has recently seen a boost in sustainable work, with an estimated 5% growth in clean energy and transportation jobs last year. Whitmer said the state's new clean energy package will add ...

The waiting has come to an end: after the German Federal Government adopted the first draft of the Solar Package I in August 2023 and a small selected part of Solar ...

Wind power is one of the UK's most abundant sources of renewable energy and we're therefore asked a lot of questions about it. Here we address some of the most frequently asked questions, myths and ...

beyond the 12 nm limit where, under international law, the UK is able to construct wind farm installations or other structures to produce renewable energy in the Renewable Energy Zone (REZ)...

The package of amendments - the Breakthrough package - includes 5 laws of the Republic of Lithuania: the Law on Electricity, the Law on Renewable Energy, the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment of Planned Economic Activities, the Law on Special Conditions for the Use of Land and the Law on Territorial Planning.

Major new programs aimed at reducing the nation's methane emissions, including a \$4.5 billion program to support grants to states and Indian tribes to locate and plug orphaned oil and gas wells. Funds for research into new renewable energy technologies, including geothermal, solar, and wind energy.

Overall, the changes associated with the new NPPF reassert the Government's commitment to both onshore wind and solar power projects, and the inclusion of onshore wind ...

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